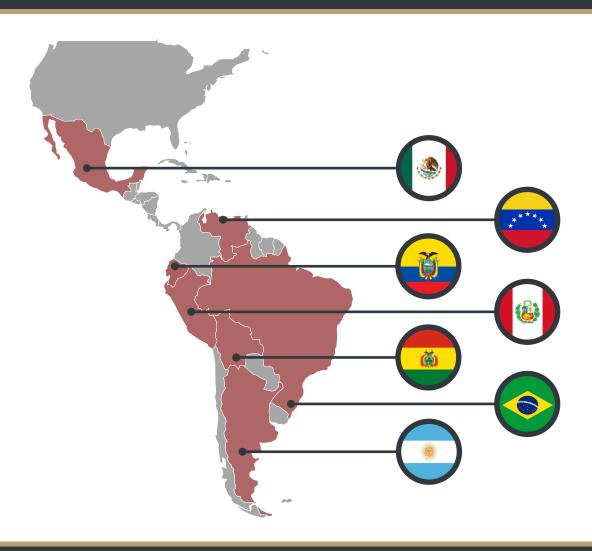


Political, Regulatory & Security Risk in Central & South America PGI Intelligence October 2017

Introduction





- Resource nationalism in decline
- High levels of civil unrest
- Insecurity a major concern

Venezuela



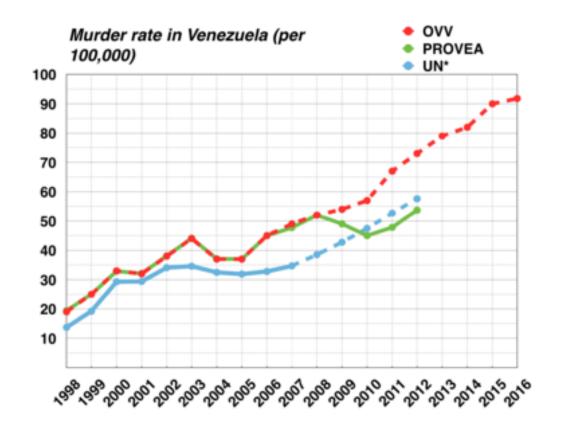


- High levels of state control, 2006 nationalisation
- Turn towards authoritarianism

Venezuela



- Critically high levels of crime
- April July 2017 protests:
 Statoil and Repsol
 withdraw staff



Source: OVV, Provea and UN

Mexico



- Landmark liberalisation of oil sector in 2013
- Pragmatism and responsiveness with each bidding round
- Andres Manuel Lopez Obrador threat to reform from leftist populism?



Source: Reuters

Mexico



 January 2017 – mass unrest against government's fuel price hike



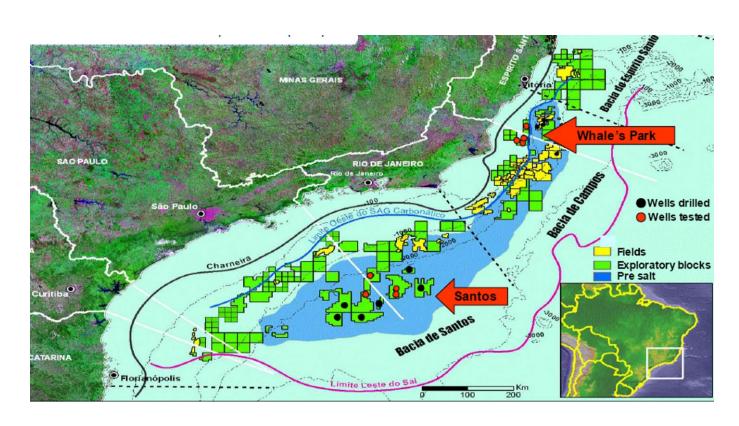
^{*}Fuente: Observatorio Nacional Ciudadano

^{***} Puebla actualmente ocupa el 2do lugar con más carpetas de investigación iniciadas, en comparación con el periodo 2006/2012

<u>Brazil</u>



- Shift away from resource nationalism under President Temer
- New president in January 2019
- Petrobras strike November 2015: 2.29 mn barrels of oil lost



Source: Oil & Gas Financial Journal

Argentina



- President Macri drive to reduce costs, labour conflicts
- Loma la Lata indigenous protests in 2017



Sources: Wood Mackenzie, IHS Energy, Deloitte LATCO, US Energy Information Administration

Ecuador, Peru & Bolivia



Ecuador

 Improving terms under recently elected President Moreno



Source: Mercopress

Peru

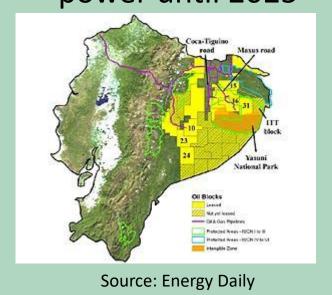
 High levels of unrest targeting extractives projects



Source: Santiago Times

Bolivia

President Morales – may remain in power until 2025



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